Numb. 446.

THE Pennſylvania GAZETTE.

Containing the freſheſt Advices Foreign and Domeſtick.

From June 23. to June 30. 1737.

LETTER from an Ambaſſador's Secretary, at Conſtantinople, concerning Thamas Kouli Kan.

SIR,

I CAN now ſatisfy your Curioſity; and you may depend on it, that what I tell you is authentick.

Thamas Kouli Kan, was born at Atcheir in Chorazan, a Province of Perſia. His Father was a Shepherd, which Profeſſion the Son too followed for ſome Time, till he took a Diſlike to it, from a riſing Ambition to make himſelf more conſiderable in the World; and then it was, that he ſtole 700 Sheep from his Father, which he ſold, and with the Money liſted a Gang of reſolute Banditti, of whom he put himſelf at the Head, and then plunder'd ſeveral Caravans, with the Booty whereof he enrich'd himſelf very much. After having carried on the Trade of a common Highwayman for 7 Years, he went to a Province of Muzandran, to which the King Schach Huſſein had ſent his Son the Prince Thamas for Security, before he was obliged to yield up Iſpahan to the Rebels. The ſaid King being afterward put to Death, Thamas Kouli Kan, who by this Time had 5000 Men under his Command, offer'd them, together with his Treaſures, to Prince Thamas, to reſtore him to the Throne of his Anceſtors; engaging at the ſame Time, that he would give him his Head, if he did not ſucceed in his Enterprize; provided, that in Caſe of ſuch Succeſs, the Prince, when he became King, would declare him his Prime Miniſter. The Prince conſented to whatever he ask'd, ſuch was his entire Confidence in Thamas Kouli Kan, who, to give him the ſtrongeſt Proof of his Attachment, aſſum'd this new Name, which ſignifies, *The Slave of Schach Thamas*; whereas he went before by the Name of Nadir Kouli.

The firſt Thing that Kouli Kan did, after having raiſed a very great Body of Troops, was the driving of the Rebels from Mached; after which, he reduced the Province of Herat, and carried the Governor's Head to Prince Thamas, as a Trophy of his Victory.

His Army being now become more powerful, he beſieged and took Iſpahan, and reduced the Aghuans, a rebellious, Nation, who had ſubdued almoſt all Perſia. It would be needleſs to relate his ſubſequent Victories, becauſe they are ſo well known. He had the Policy to carry Prince Thamas with him in ſeveral of his Expeditions, to give the more Reaſon to think, that he only acted for that Prince. The Bravery of Kouli Kan, his good Treatment of the Soldiery, and the Generoſity with which he rewarded them, having produced him their entire Confidence, he took that Opportunity to ſeize the Government, by the Stratagem that was mention'd at that Time, on Pretence that Prince Thamas was incapable of Governing. In fine, his Ambition, or rather Vanity, knowing no Bounds, about a Year ago, he got himſelf declared King of Perſia, by the principal Adherents of his Party; but this Advancement, inſtead of eſtabliſhing his Authority, muſt rather tend to weaken it. He was beloved as the Defender of his Country; and 'twas then more devoted to him, than 'tis now under his pompous Title of King. As he has reach'd to the Throne by Uſurpation, he has had recourſe to Cruelty to ſecure himſelf in the Poſſeſſion of it. He has put Prince Thamas, and all the Princes of the Perſian Royal Family to Death, as well as ſeveral Perſian Lords, of whom he had a Jealouſy. He has taken the Title of Schach Nadir; and upon the Money coined with his Dye, he has put a moſt vain Inſcription, ſignifying, *The matchleſs King, the Sovereign of the Four Parts of the World.*

As to his Perſon, he is about 50 Years of Age, robuſt, inur'd to Fatigue, and has a very majeſtick Preſence. As to his Character, he acts ſo much by the Rules of Policy, that 'tis hard to ſay whether the good Qualities which have been remarked in him, proceed from a Principle of Virtue. He ſeems to be very liberal, eſpecially to his Troops, which he, by that Means, obliges to obſerve an exact Diſcipline. He has been ſeen to act with great Magnanimity upon ſome Occaſions, eſpecially at the Time of the Two Victories which he obtained over the Turks. He cauſed great Funeral Honours to be paid to the Two Generals in Chief, who therein loſt their Lives, viz. Topal Oſman, and Abdullah Kuprogli; and he ordered the Priſoners on both Occaſions, to be treated with all Civility poſſible. He has alſo been known to perform Actions of Equity. He is a Man of Wiſdom and Penetration, but is reckon'd very Artful. He is moreover intemperate to Exceſs, and very much addicted to Women, Wine, and Drams. He has an Affection for the Europeans, and has a great Number of 'em in his Troops, whom he has put upon much the ſame Pay and Footing, as they have in Europe; but he prefers the French before all other Foreigners. After he had taken Trifflis, the Miſſionaries who were ſettled there under the Protection of the Crown of France, went to wait on him, when he received them very friendly, made them ſit down with him, and told 'em, that he always had an extraordinary Friendſhip and Eſteem for their Nation, and a profound Reſpect for the French Emperor (a Title which is eſtabliſhed in the Eaſt for all Kings) and that all his Subjects ſhould be treated in Perſia, with more Diſtinction than thoſe of any other Nation in Europe. When the Audience was over, he gave them all the Money he had about him; and he has ſince, not only confirm'd, but alſo augmented all their Privileges, &c.

When Baki Kam, Ambaſſador from Kouli Kan, left this Place, he carried with him ſeveral Mullas or Doctors of the Turkiſh Divinity, in order to confer with the Doctors of Perſia, on Ways and Means for reconciling the Turkiſh Sect of Omar, with the Perſian Sect of Ali; who, tho' both Mahometans, hate each other to ſuch a Degree, that they reproach one another with being Omar's Dogs, and Ali's Aſſes. The Point in View is, to ſee if they can unite the Two Parties in ſome Degrees of that Faith, more or leſs, which they place in the Bleſſed State of Mahomet, and in the Miracles aſcrib'd to him.

The Porte had reſolved, that an Ambaſſador ſhould have

have gone with that Miniſter to ratify the Peace, and to recognize Kouli Kan King of Perſia; but having received Advice of the Stand that is made againſt him ſince he took that wrong Step of aſſuming the Title of King, and being informed moreover, that the Perſian Malecontents are ſupported by the Usbeck Tartars, and that Part of his Army has actually been defeated by the Malecontents within 2 Leagues of Iſpahan, 'tis preſumed, from the Temper the Porte was in upon the Receipt of theſe Advices, that the Grand Signior will not be in a violent Haſte to perform the Terms of the Peace concluded with Kouli Kan, eſpecially their Engagemenr to maintain him on the Throne. On the contrary, 'tis believed, that as the Porte only agreed to the Peace out of a political Neceſſity, they will not heſitate much in taking other Meaſures, if their Intereſt requires it.

LONDON, March 30.

Laſt Friday Capt. Dymond, in the Peter and James, ſailed by Graveſend for Georgia, with Arms, Ammunition and Recruits of Men ſent by the Honourable the Truſtees for eſtabliſhing that Colony.

Yeſterday the Sum of 80 l. was paid into the Bank of England, being the Benefaction of a Perſon unknown, by the Hands of the Rev. Mr. George Whitefield; to be applied by the Truſtees for eſtabliſhing the Colony of Georgia in America; towards building a Church at Frederica in the Southern Diviſion of the ſaid Colony.

We hear, that there will be a Clauſe in the Bill for the Relief of Inſolvent Debtors, for obliging them to deliver up their All on Oath, &c. and concealing their Effects to be made Felony.

From the Hague, That Mr. Trevor had repreſented to their High Mightineſſes, that his Britannick Majeſty was ſurprized that they ſhould attribute the Loſſes their Subjects ſuſtain'd by the Spaniards in the Weſt-Indies, to his Majeſty's Subjects, as if they join'd with the Guarde de Coſtas in their Depredations. That his Majeſty determin'd to ſend a Squadron of Men of War to America, in Caſe the King of Spain perſiſts in not making Satisfaction, and that their High Mightineſſes may join him if they think fit. That a Commiſſion was arrived there from King Staniſlaus to negotiate a Loan of a Million of Florins, to diſcharge his Debts in Poland; of which Sum the Court of France offers to guaranty the Repayment at 5 per Cent.

That Count Fuenclara the Sicilian Miniſter, had demanded the ſecond Arch-Dutcheſs for Don Carlos, and made very advantageous Offers.

From Venice, That Republick is making great Preparations for War againſt the Turks, and intended to open the Campain in Dalmatia, the Conqueſt of which is of the more Importance, as ſhe will be thereby Miſtreſs of her Trade and Navigation in the Adriatick Sea.

From Conſtantinople, That the Grand Signior is going to make his Reſidence at Adrianople, and that the Continuation of War with the Ruſſians is look'd on as inevitable.

From Madrid, That the King has declar'd the Infante Don Philip, aged 14, High Admiral General of Spain, and of all his Maritime Forces, with all the Honours belonging to that Dignity.

We hear the King of Portugal is about borrowing a Million of Cruſades (about Two Shillings and three Pence each) and will allow Seven per Cent. for the Uſe of it; and that a few Britiſh Merchants will pay into the Bank for his Uſe, the whole Sum, if they may have leave ſo to do.

The Genoeſe are ſending a certain Number of Cavalry into Corſica, to guard the Coaſts of that Iſland, and thereby prevent the Landing of Ammunition and Proviſions for the Service of the Rebels, which is frequently done notwithſtanding the utmoſt Vigilance and Care of their armed Barks. Diſpatches daily arrive from thence, and Councils are continually held, but nothing is done to the Purpoſe, to extinguiſh that ſtubborn Rebellion.

From Belgrade, That Thamas Kouli Kan had appeaſed the Revolt form'd againſt him, and thereupon refus'd to ratify the Peace with the Porte.

From Petersburg, That the Czarina has iſſued out an Edict, which commands that all young Gentlemen of her Empire, between 8 and 12 years of Age, be taught for the future to write. From 12 to 16. they be inſtructed in Arithmetick. From 16 to 20 they learn Geography, Fortification and Hiſtory. And that then they be admitted into the Service. That a Body of Calmucks had attacked 5000 Tartars, kill'd the greateſt Part of them and taken the reſt Priſoners, with 2000 Horſe. That the Tartars finding themſelves confin'd within the Mountains, deſired leave from the Kan of Crimea, to retire into his Country, but were denied, the Ruſſians having committed ſuch Ravages in that Country, they had no Subſiſtence for themſelves.

The Barbers and Peruke-Makers, who met at the Ship and Anchor without Temple-Bar, have now ſettled a Plan of the Grievances affecting the ſaid Trade, and moſt neceſſary to be redreſs'd by Parliament, are reſolved to the utmoſt of their Power to puſh the ſame forward this Seſſion.

March 31. A Ship is arrived at Leghorn, in 23 Days from Smyrna, the Maſter of which reports, that the Turks breath nothing but War with Ruſſia; that the Preparations for the Campaign are carried on with great Ardour.

Application having been made to the Emperor concerning the Fourth Article of the Treaty of Ryſwick, the Imperial Miniſtry have given an Anſwer to the Miniſters of Sweden and Denmark, and the Secretary for the Britiſh Affairs at Vienna; but the Purport of it promiſes but ſmall Alteration to the miſerable Circumſtances of the poor Proteſtants in Germany.

Four Ships of War are ordered to be ſheath'd, to go unſter the Command of Commodore St. Loe, to the Weſt Indies, to relieve Commodore Digby Dent.

A large Quantity of great Shot, and other warlike Stores, were put on board a Ship in the River on Tueſday laſt, for the Uſe of the Garriſon of Gibraltar.

We hear Books will ſhortly be open'd, for raiſing a Million of Money at three per Cent. to pay off part of the National Debt; and that the Annuities will be reduced to three per Cent. irredeemable for 14 Years.

People are impatient to know what the Foreigners will do, on the preſent Scheme of lowering the Annuities to three per Cent. it being computed they have about Ten Millions in our Funds.

April 4. His Majeſty in Council has been pleas'd to declare his Grace William Duke of Devonſhire, Lord Lieutenant of the Kingdom of Ireland, in the Room of his Grace Lionel Duke of Dorſet, whom his Majeſty hath appointed Lord Steward of his Houſhold.

April 5. They write from Petersburg, that the Czarina to ſhew the Sincerity of her Intentions, had nominated her three Plenipotentaries to aſſiſt at the Congreſs at Zorocka.

The Preliminary Conditions inſiſted on by that Court are, the abſolute Poſſeſſion of Aſoph, and Satisfaction for the Damages done by the Tartars; if the Turk rejects theſe Propoſals, the Campaign is to be opened without any more delay. The Ruſſians will have two powerful Armies in the Field, one of 105,000 Men, commanded by Count Munich, the other of 70,000 Men under General Lacy. Both theſe Armies are to act jointly againſt the Turks and Tartars, whilſt on the other Side the Imperial Troops, as has been concerted between the two Crowns, are to penetrate into Walachia, and thereby oblige the Turkiſh Army to repaſs the Danube.

In Poland the Scarcity of Proviſions increaſes to ſuch a Degree, that great Numbers of the Poor die of Famine in a miſerable manner. This Calamity has ſunk the Spirits of the People ſo low, that at Kaminiech, they imagine they ſee Spectres and Apparitions of the Dead, in the Streets at Night, who kill all Perſons they touch or ſpeak to; and ſome have been ſo prepoſſeſſed with theſe Reports, that they have actually died with Fear. It is added, that certain Perſons having affirmed they ſaw thoſe Spectres come out of the Tombs in the Church-yards, the Roman-Catholick and Greek Prieſts had ordered the dead Bodies, that were buried there, to be dug up and their Heads cut off, as a means to prevent their appearing again, which had beed executed accordingly.

His Imperial Majeſty has ſent his final Orders to all the General Officers, who are to command in Hungary, to be there before the end of the Month; and for all the private Officers to repair to their reſpective Regiments before the 15th Inſtant.

April 8. We hear that the Lord Provoſt of Edinburgh will be admitted to Bail.

From

From *Venice, April 6.* That Kouli Kan reign'd peaceably at Iſpahan.---Tho' there was a Party up in Arms againſt him, the Remains of the old Rebels, headed by Mery Iſlan, Brother to the famous Meriweis, and not by a Prince of the Blood; becauſe Kouli, according to the Maxims of the Eaſtern Princes, put to Death all the Line of the ancient Sophy's, except Thamas and his Son Abas, whom he keeps confined in the Caſtle of Ormus.

From Poske, near Roſenberg in Poland. That a Famine raged in thoſe Parts, and that a Woman had her Head cut off for killing and eating her own Infant. That a Peaſant and his Family were taken up for having conſumed the Fleſh of two ſmall Children, and another of 12 Years old.

From Petersburgh. That Major General Heim was ſentenc'd to be ſhot, for neglecting a good Opportunity of attaking the Tartars, by a Party of whom General Leſſie was ſurprized and kill'd, and his Son taken Priſoner. The Turks and Ruſſians are in Motion for an Engagement.

London, April 25. Sir John Norris arriv'd at Portſmouth with his Fleet from Lisbon. When he had his Audience of Leave of the King of Portugal, he deſir'd him to aſſure his Britannick Majeſty, "That he would watch every Opportunity to expreſs his Gratitude." Alſo, "That ſuch was his Eſteem for the Engliſh Nation, that the Subjects thereon depending, who Trade to the Dominions of the Crown of Portugal, either in Europe or in the Indies, ſhould enjoy the ſame Advantages in their Commerce, as the Natives of his own Kingdom."

Cuſtom-Houſe, New-York, June 27. *Entred in.*

Dearing, and Boſch from Boſton, Cornel from R. Iſland, Lawrence from Maryland, Seymour from Barbadoes, Burrows from Coracoa, Ball from St. Martins, New from Briſtol.

Entred out. Hood for Jamaica, Stanburey for Georgia, Seymour for Coracoa, Cornel for Ireland, Dearing for Newfoundland. *Cleared.* Cannon to R. Iſland, Davis to Surinam, Hill and Good to Jamaica, Skinner to Antigua, Ley to Newfoundland, Hollaway to Amſterdam, Harriland to Cadiz, Whiting to Mediterranean.

PHILADELPHIA, June 30.

Fryday laſt was held, at the *Indian King* in this City, a Grand Lodge of the Free and accepted MASONS; when WILLIAM PLUMSTEAD was unanimouſly choſen Grand-Maſter of this Province, for the Year enſuing, who appointed JOSEPH SHIPPEN, jun. to be his Deputy, and Meſſers. HENRY PRATT, and PHILIP SYNG, were nominated and choſen Grand-Wardens.

Tueſday laſt the Sugar-Houſe at the upper End of the Town, took Fire, and the whole City was alarm'd; but Help coming ſpeedily, the Fire was ſoon extinguiſh'd. One of the Workmen is impriſon'd on Suſpicion of having ſet Fire to the Houſe on purpoſe.

We hear, that Saturday next is the Day appointed for the Execution of the Criminals now under Sentence of Death.

Cuſtom-Houſe, PHILADELPHIA, *Entred in.*

Brigt. Thiſtle, James Wyllie, from Barbadoes.
Ship John & Anne, James Shirley from Plymouth.
Brigt. Charming-Sally, John Wright, from Dublin.
Snow Martha, Cornelius Kollock, from South Carolina.
---- Ruby-Gally, Joſeph Arthur, from St. Chriſtophers.
Ship Dolphin, John Anthony Denormandie, from Ditto.
Scooner Endeavour, Edwin Wills, from South Carolina.

Entred out.

Sloop Deborah, Thomas Hogg, for Barbadoes.
Ship Torbay, George Trewin, for Lisbon.
Snow Two Siſters, James Marſhall, for Jamaica.
Brigt Thiſtle, James Wyllie, for St. Chriſtophers.
Ship John & Anne, James Shirley, for Newfoundland.

Cleared.

Brigt. John, Nicholas Norton, to Newfoundland.
Ship Tryal, William Grieves, to Lisbon.
Sloop Sea-Flower, Thomas Coatam, to Fyall.
Scooner Betty, Samuel Everton, to Boſton.
Sloop Rebecca, George Dickenſon, } to Barbadoes.
Brigt Dolphin, Thomas Stamper, }
Ship Content, Thomas Comiſh, to Cadiz.
Brigt. Ranger, Joſeph Richardſon, to Jamaica.

Advertiſements.

A Fine young Negro Fellow, ſpeaks Engliſh, us'd to Labour, and is fit for either Town or Country, to be ſold by James Eſdaile *at Mr.* Dering's *in* Front-Street, *or at his Store on* Carpenter's *Wharff; where is alſo to be ſold, good* St. Kitts *Meliaſſes, Ginger & Indigo.*

TAKEN out of a Pew in the Church ſome Months ſince, a Common-Prayer Book, bound in Red, gilt, and letter'd DF on each Corner. The Perſon who took it, is deſir'd to open it and read the *Eighth* Commandment, and afterwards return it into the ſame Pew again; upon which no further Notice will be taken.

ALL Perſons indebted to the Printer hereof for more than one Year's Gazette, or on any other Account, are deſired to make ſpeedy Payment. And thoſe who have any Demands on him, are deſired to bring them in that they may be adjuſted.

RUN away on the 23d Inſt. from *David Davis* of *Goſhen* in *Cheſter* County, an Iriſh Servant Man, named *James Roult*, aged about 15 Years, of middle Stature, ſwarthy Complexion, a little pockfretten, looks brisk. Had on a good felt Hat, a worſted Cap, a black Waſte-coat, a check Shirt, ſtriped Breeches, old Trowſers, new round toe'd Shoes, with a Buckle to one, and a String to the other: He pretends to be a Linnen-Weaver by Trade; has been but about three Weeks in the Country, and run away once before.

Whoever ſecures the ſaid Servant ſo that he may be had again, ſhall have *Twenty Shillings* Reward, and reaſonable Charges paid by *David Davis. Philad. June* 30.

A HANDSOME *newfaſhion'd Japan'd Caſe of Drawers, and Chamber Table, to be ſold by* John Brown. *Enquire of the Printer hereof.*

ALL *Perſons that have any Demands upon the Eſtate of* Joſeph Growdon, *late of* Bucks *County, Gent. deceaſed, are deſired to lay the ſame before his Son* Joſeph Growdon, *Adminiſtrator, &c. by the Ninth Day of* July *next, in order that they may be adjuſted, and ſuch Satisfaction made to the Creditors as the Nature and Circumſtances of the Eſtate will admit of.*

ALL Perſons indebted to the Eſtate of *Thomas Chace*, of *Philadelphia*, deceas'd, are deſired forthwith to come and pay their reſpective Debts, or they may expect trouble: And thoſe who have any Demand on the ſaid Eſtate, are deſired to bring in their Accounts, in order to be adjuſted, to *John Leacock* of *Philadelphia*, the ſurviving Executor; or to *Jonathan Beere* of ſaid City, who is impower'd by ſaid *Leacock* to ſettle the ſame, as alſo to receive and pay.

N. B. 'Twas advertis'd about two Years ago, by *Charles Read*, deceas'd, Executor of ſaid *Thomas Chace.*

For LONDON, *directly.*

The SHIP, Mary *and* Hannah, HENRY SAVAGE, *Maſter, being a good* Ship *and well accomodated for Paſſengers;*

WILL Sail with all Expedition, having great part of her Loading on Board, and ready to take on Board.

For Freight or Paſſage agree with the ſaid Maſter on Board the ſaid Veſſel, lying at Clymer's *Wharffe, or with* JOHN REYNELL, *in* Front-Street.

TO BE SOLD;

A LIKELY young breeding Negroe Woman, ſpeaks good Engliſh, underſtands her Needle and any ſort of Houſhold Work, and has had the Small-Pox. Enquire of the Printer.

RUN away on Sunday laſt, from *Philip Thomas* of *Vincent* Townſhip, *Cheſter* County, a *Welſh* Servant Man named *Thomas Loyd*, aged about 22 Years, of middle Stature, ſandy Complexion, down Look. Had on when he went away, a light cinnamon homeſpun Veſt-Coat, old pluſh Breeches, old Shoes and Stockings, a new felt Hat, homeſpun Shirt. He pretends to be a Sailor.

Whoever ſecures the ſaid Servant, ſo that he may be had again, ſhall have *Thirty Shillings* Reward and reaſonable Charges paid by *Philip Thomas.*

Philad June 23. 1737.

VERY good CANARY, to be Sold by the Gallon or ſmaller Meaſure, by *Moſes Hewes*, in *Cheſnut Street, Philadelphia.*

Pennſylvania, ſſ. HOPKINSON, *Grand Maſter.*

WHEREAS ſome ill diſpoſed Perſons in this City, aſſuming the Name of *Free-Maſons*, have for ſome Years paſt impoſed upon ſeveral well-meaning People, who were deſirous of becoming true Brethren, perſuading them, after they had performed certain ridiculous Ceremonies, that they were really become *Free-Maſons*, and have lately under the Pretence of making a Young Man a *Maſon*, cauſed his Death, as 'tis ſaid, by Purging, Vomiting, Burning, and the Terror of certain horrid and diabolical Rites. It is thought proper for preventing ſuch Impoſitions for the future, and to avoid any unjuſt Aſperſions that may be thrown on the Ancient and Honourable Fraternity on this Account, either in this City or any other Part of the World, to publiſh this Advertiſement, declaring the Abhorrence of all true Brethren to ſuch Practices in general, and their Innocence of this Fact in particular; and that the Perſons concerned in this wicked Action, are not of our Society, nor of any Society of *Free and Accepted Maſons* to our Knowledge or Belief. Signed in Behalf of all the Members of *St. John's* Lodge at *Philadelphia*, the 16th Day of *June*, 1737.

THOMAS HOPKINSON, *Grand Maſter.*
WILL. PLUMSTED, *Deputy Maſter.*
JOSEPH SHIPPEN, } *Grand Wardens.*
HENRY PRAT, }

Philadelphia, ſſ. ON the 12th Inſtant was apprehended here an *Iriſhman* who was juſt come to this City from *New-England*, where he ſays he arrived from *Ireland* in *Auguſt* laſt, and there were found upon him Eight counterfeit Bills made in Imitation of the *Five Shilling* Bills of Credit of the Province of *Pennſylvania*, printed in the Year 1729, and ſigned with the Names of JOHN PARRY, ABRAHAM CHAPMAN, EDWARD HORNE, and THOMAS TRESSE, or by three of Them: The Counterfeits are to be diſtinguiſhed by theſe Marks, *viz.*

The Words *Five SHILLINGS* on the Top are printed in a larger and bolder Character.

The Capital S in PENNSYLVANIA is ſhorter and its Top lower than the Letters near it.

The *F* in the Word *Five* on the Top ſtands over the I in the Word THIS below it. In the true Bills it ſtands over the H of the ſame Word.

The Italick Capital Y in the Word *Year* is curl'd like this *Y* (in the true Bills it is plain like this *Y*.)

And the Signers Names are very ill done.

Whoever will diſcover the Perſon or Perſons who counterfeited the ſaid Bills, or the Signers Names to the ſaid Bills; or the Perſon or Perſons who imported the ſaid Counterfeit Bills from *Ireland*, where it is ſuppoſed they were printed, ſo that the Offenders may be apprehended and convicted, ſhall have a Reward of *Fifty Pounds* current Money of *Pennſylvania*.

A. HAMILTON.

June 15. 1737.

TAKEN up on the 1ſt of March laſt, a ſmall black Mare, her near hind Foot white, and the off Foreſoot white, a Star, and branded with H on the near Buttock. The Owner may hear further of her by enquiring of the Printer, and have her again paying the Charges.

RUN away this Morning from *William Watſon* of this City, Shipwright, an Iriſh Servant Man named *Timothy Somers*, aged about 27 Years, middle Stature, no Hair, dark Complexion: Had on an ozenbrigs Shirt, ſtriped white and red flannel Jacket, ozenbrigs Trowſers and new Shoes.

Whoeves ſecures the ſaid Servant ſo that he may be had again, ſhall have *Three Pounds* Reward and reaſonable Charges, paid by *William Watſon*. *Philad. June* 16.

JUST IMPORTED
In the Snow *Martha*, *Cornelius Kollock*, Maſter;
A PARCEL of likely young Negro Boys and Girls, to be Sold by ROBERT ELLIS in *Water-Street.*

Juſt Imported, and to be SOLD,
By REESE MEREDITH,
At his Store on Fiſhbourn's Wharff,

ENGLISH Sail Duck, brown and white Ozenbrigs, Lubeck, brown ſheeting Linen, brown Rolls ſeven eighths Garlix, ſingle Sileſias, Nuns and Gulic Holland, Kentings, fine and coarſe Muſlins, printed Callicoes and Chints, Diaper Table-Cloths, ſilk Handkerchiefs, ſilk and cotton ditto, cotton Romall ditto, broad and narrow Silk Camlets, plain Camlets, flower'd and plain Callimancoes, Damasks, corded Poplins, yard and half-yard Stuffs, Tammies, broad and narrow Shalloons, Druggets, felt and caſtor Hats, Mohair and Buttons, metal Buttons, Bed Ticken, Men and Womens Hoſe, ditto Gloves, worſted and cotton Caps, worſted in ſhades, cotton and thread Laces, Tapes, Gartering, Caddis, Quality binding, None-ſo-pretties, Nuns Thread, number Thread, Holland Tapes, Bobbin,, Drinking-Glaſſes, long and ſhort Pipes, flour of Sulphur, Men and Womens Thimbles, ditto and Childrens Shoes buckles, ivory and horn Combs, Spectacles and Caſes, Looking-Glaſſes, braſs and leather Ink Pots, Claſp and Caſe Knives, Penknives, Pocket-knives, ſilver'd Stay-hooks, Files, Gun Locks, Flints, Knitting-needles, braſs and iron Jews-Harps, braſs pocket Compaſſes, Snuff and Tobacco Boxes, Sleeve Buttons, Shears and Sciſſars, Gimlets, Tacks and Awl Blades, Raſors and caſes, ſewing and ſtitching ſilk; with a variety of other Goods not here mention'd, at reaſonable Rates.

ALL Perſons that have any Accompts with *Robert Bolton*, Shopkeeper, in *Philadelphia*, are hereby deſired to ſettle them; and thoſe who are Indebted are deſired forthwith to pay him, the better to enable him to Diſcharge where he is Indebted; or they may expect immediate trouble, he being determin'd to remove himſelf and Family very ſoon out of this Province.

*** *N. B.* To be SOLD by the ſaid *Robert Bolton*, very cheap for ready Money, two good new Copper Stills, with Worms, the one containing 50 the other near 70 Gallons.

ALL Perſons indebted to Robert Grace *of* Philadelphia, *Merchant, are deſired to make ſpeedy Payment. And thoſe who have any Accounts to ſettle with him are deſired to bring them in, that the ſame may be adjuſted.*

For BRISTOL, directly,
The Snow *Prince of Orange*,
WILLIAM DEVONSHIRE, Maſter;
Now lying at FISHBOURN's Wharffe:
WILL Sail in a few Days. For Freight or Paſſage agree with *William Hellier* or ſaid Maſter. *Philadelphia, June* 30.

ALL Perſons indebted to the Eſtate of Charles Read, *Eſq; late of this City, deceaſed are required to make ſpeedy Payment to the Adminiſtratrix, in order to enable her to diſcharge the Debts due from the Eſtate; And thoſe who have any Demands on the ſaid Eſtate are deſir'd to bring in their Accounts, to be adjuſted.* by Sarah Read, *Adminiſt.*

TO BE SOLD,
A PLANTATION *late in the Poſſeſſion of* Samuel Lukens, *deceas'd, ſituate in* Briſtol *Townſhip*, Philadelphia *County, about* 7 *or* 8 *Miles from the City, on* York *Road, containing* 136 *Acres, about* 80 *clear'd, ſome Meadowing, and Conveniency for much more; three large Orchards containing about* 14 *Acres, and a Dwelling Houſe. A fine Run of Water paſſes thro' the Place, and it might be made a very commodious and agreeable Seat. Any Perſon inclining to purchaſe may enquire of* Morris Morris *or* Benjamin Lay *of* Abington, *or of the Printer hereof.*

PHILADELPHIA: Printed by B. FRANKLIN, at the New Printing-Office near the Market. *Price* 10 *s.* a Year
Where Advertiſements are taken in, and BOOK-BINDING is done reaſonably, in the beſt Manner.